

# EEV-Conjugated PMO Results in Nuclear Foci Reduction and Aberrant Splicing Correction in DM1 Cell and Animal Models

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# Disclosure

I am an employee of Entrada Therapeutics, the sponsor of this research



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### ENTRADA'S MISSION Treating Devastating Diseases With Intracellular Therapeutics

### THE NEED FOR INTRACELLULAR THERAPEUTICS

Approximately 75% of all disease-causing targets are intracellular and difficult to reach, representing a significant issue when developing effective therapies



The Endosomal Escape Vehicle (EEV<sup>™</sup>) Platform aims to solve the fundamental problem: Lack of efficient cellular uptake and escape from the endosome

### ENDOSOMAL ESCAPE VEHICLE (EEV<sup>™</sup>) PLATFORM

Entrada's EEV platform consists of a library of proprietary cyclic peptides with unique chemistry that enable improved uptake and endosomal escape



- Cyclic structure enhances proteolytic stability
- Small and cyclic structure may reduce immunogenicity risk
- Mechanism of internalization conserved across species
- Scalable and efficient peptide synthesis



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#### **DM1 OVERVIEW**

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DM1 is a debilitating multi-systemic disease with no available treatments; CUG repeats in DMPK mRNA sequester MBNL proteins, resulting in nuclear foci, aberrant splicing, and disease



<sup>1</sup>Thornton C.A. Neurol. Clin. 2014, 705. <sup>2</sup>Philips, A.V. et al. Science 1998; <sup>3</sup>Pettersson, O.J. NAR 2015; <sup>4</sup>Wagner, S.D. et al. PLoS Genet. 2016; <sup>5</sup>Tanner, M. et al. Nucleic Acids Res. 2021.

#### ENTR-701 IN DM1 CELL LINE WITH REPEAT EXPANSION

DM1 clinical candidate, ENTR-701, showed reduction of nuclear foci and selective reduction of repeat expansion-containing DMPK transcript in the HeLa480 cell line

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ENTR-701 is the clinical candidate selected for DM1, composed of CUG-repeat blocking PMO conjugated to EEV; HeLa480 cell line was constructed by integrating (CTG)480 and (CTG)0 containing DMPK transgenes, which showed MBNL1-dependent aberrant splicing (Reddy, K. et al. *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci.* 2019); \*\*\*\*p<0.0001, n.s., not significant vs. untreated cells (left) or endogenous DMPK (right); shown as mean ± standard deviation.

### ENTR-701 IN DM1 PATIENT-DERIVED MYOTUBES

ENTR-701 treatment in DM1 patient-derived muscle cells resulted in significant nuclear foci reduction and correction of aberrant splicing



Correction of Aberrant Splicing



Immortalized DM1 patient-derived (2,600 CUG repeats) muscle cells<sup>1</sup> were treated with ENTR-701 and analyzed for the reduction of nuclear foci and the correction of aberrant splicing

<sup>1</sup>Arandel, L. et al. *Dis. Model. Mech.* 2017. ENTR-701 is the clinical candidate selected for DM1, composed of CUG-repeat blocking PMO conjugated to EEV; \*\*\*\*p<0.0001 for ENTR-701 compared to untreated; shown as mean ± standard deviation.

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#### **EEV-PMO EFFICACY IN PRIMARY DM1 PATIENT CELLS**

Treatment of primary DM1 patient-derived cell lines with a CUG-blocking EEV-PMO conjugate confirmed foci reduction and correction of aberrant splicing regardless of CTG repeat number

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Primary DM1 patient-derived muscle cells were treated with an EEV-PMO conjugate and analyzed for the reduction of nuclear foci and the correction of aberrant splicing. EEV-PMO is composed of CUG-repeat blocking PMO conjugated our EEV platform; \*\*\*\*p<0.0001, \*p<0.05 for EEV-PMO compared to untreated; shown as mean ± standard deviation.

### **EFFICACY OF ENTR-701 IN HSA-LR MICE**

## ENTR-701 treatment reduced nuclear foci and CUG-repeat expansion transcript level and corrected aberrant splicing in HSA-LR mice



<sup>1</sup>HSA-LR mice carry a transgene resulting in CUG repeat expansion and recapitulates DM1 phenotype and molecular pathology (Mankodi, A. et al. *Science* 2000); ENTR-701 is the clinical candidate selected for DM1, composed of CUG-repeat blocking PMO conjugated to EEV; \*\*\*p<0.001, \*\*\*\*p<0.0001, shown as mean ± standard deviation. WT, wild type.

#### ENTR-701 CORRECTED SPLICEOPATHY IN HSA-LR MICE



•WT untreated •HSA-LR untreated •HSA-LR + ENTR-701

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### DURABILITY OF ENTR-701 IN HSA-LR MICE

#### A single dose of ENTR-701 resulted in splicing correction in HSA-LR mice for at least 8 weeks



Post single IV dosage of 60 mg/kg (PMO equivalent), robust splicing correction in the ENTR-701 treated HSA-LR mice 4, 6, or 8 weeks post injection

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**ENTR-701** is the clinical candidate selected for DM1, composed of CUG-repeat blocking PMO conjugated to EEV; *MbnI1*, muscleblind like splicing regulator 1; *Atp2a1*, sarcoplasmic/endoplasmic reticulum calcium ATPase; *Nfix*, nuclear factor I X; \*\*\*p<0.001, \*\*\*\*p<0.0001, shown as mean ± standard deviation.

### **MYOTONIA CORRECTION IN HSA-LR MICE**



#### A single dose of ENTR-701 ameliorated pinch-induced myotonia for at least 8 weeks

HSA-LR Mouse: Non-treated



#### HSA-LR Mouse: ENTR-701 Treated





Muscle relaxation after tetanic contraction of plantar flexor muscle group was rescued in 7 days and sustained for 4 weeks following a single dose of a CUG-repeat blocking EEV-PMO

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**EEV-PMO** is composed of CUG-repeat blocking PMO conjugated our EEV platform; Muscle relaxation was assessed by stimulating sciatic nerve using 200 ms trains of supramaximal stimuli at 150 Hz. \*\*\*\*p<0.0001 for EEV-PMO compared to untreated; shown as mean ± SEM.

#### SUMMARY AND PATH FORWARD FOR DM1 PROGRAM

Entrada's DM1 preclinical data are consistent across different model systems, leading to selection of ENTR-701 as the DM1 clinical candidate

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- Our DM1 clinical candidate, <u>ENTR-701</u>, reduces nuclear foci and CUG-repeat expansion containing transcript levels, leading to <u>corrected aberrant splicing</u> in the HeLa480 cell model, DM1 patient derived cells, as well as HSA-LR mouse model of DM1
- A single dose of ENTR-701 demonstrates durable splicing correction and amelioration of myotonia for at least 8 weeks post-dose



Path Forward for DM1 Clinical Program

• ENTR-701 candidate selected with IND submission planned in 2023

#### OUR DIFFERENTIATED AND EXPANDING PIPELINE

Entrada's pipeline includes a diverse array of high potential and high value assets; We plan to leverage early learnings to advance subsequent programs

Disease/Condition	Discovery	Preclinical	Clinical
Neuromuscular Disease: DMD	ENTR-601-44 Exon 44 Skipping Oligonucleotide		
	Exon 45 Skipping Oligonucleotid	e	
Neuromuscular Disease: DM1	CUG Steric Blocker Oligonucleot	ide	
Neuromuscular Disease: Pompe	GYS1 Knockdown Oligonucleotic	le	
Neurodegenerative Diseases	CD33 Exon 2 Skipping Oligonucle	eotide	
Inflammatory Diseases	IRF5 Knockdown Oligonucleotide		
Solid Tumors	β-catenin Degrader Antibody		
MNGIE	ENTR-501 Enzyme Replacement		

#### ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS



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